

1. Which of the following could be said to have prevented the 'trickle down' effects in Indian economy?
 - i. Increased dependence of agriculture on purchased inputs and privately managed irrigation
 - ii. More employment of labour by larger land holding farmers
 - iii. Lowered participation of women in agricultural workforce due to new technology
 - iv. The failure of the Green Revolution

(a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) i and iii (d) ii and iv
2. Which of the following are not correct assessments of the decades of India's Five-Year Plans?
 - i. There has been very low capital formation
 - ii. Growth has favoured the better off
 - iii. Production has increased substantially though often falling short of targets
 - iv. The public sector has contributed nothing to economic growth

(a) i and iv (b) ii and iii (c) i, ii and iii (d) iii and iv
3. Put in chronological order
 - i. Constitution of National Planning Committee -by the Indian National Congress under Jawaharlal Nehru
 - ii. Planned Economy for India by Visvesvaraya published
 - iii. Bombay Plan
 - iv. Setting up of the National Development Council

(a) i, ii, iii, iv (b) iii, ii, iv, i (c) ii, iii, i, iv (d) ii, i, iii, iv
4. Microeconomics is concerned with:
 - i. behaviour of industrial decision-makers
 - ii. the level of employment
 - iii. changes in the general level of prices
 - iv. determination of prices of goods and services

(a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) iii and iv (d) i and iv
5. An underdeveloped economy is generally characterised by:
 - i. Low per capita income
 - ii. Low rate of capital formation
 - iii. Low dependency figure
 - iv. Working force largely in the tertiary sector

(a) i and ii (b) ii and iii (c) iii and iv (d) i and iv
6. Which of the following are included in the UNESCO List of Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity?
 - i. Jallikattu
 - ii. Kumbh mela
 - iii. Traditional vedic chanting
 - iv. Kalbelia song and dance

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) i and ii only (b) ii and iii only (c) i and iii only (d) ii, iii and iv
7. Self-reliance in the economic context implies that a country:
 - i. meets its demands for all goods and services from its domestic production
 - ii. exports some of its goods but does not need to import anything
 - iii. has sufficient foreign exchange reserves to buy all its needs
 - iv. meets its demand for certain vital goods and services from its domestic production

(a) i and iii (b) ii and iv (c) i, ii and iii (d) iii and iv
8. Match the following.

A. First Plan	1. Rapid industrialisation	
B. Second Plan	2. Community Development Programme	
C. Third Plan	3. Expansion of basic industries	
D. Fourth Plan	4. Minimum Needs Programme	
E. Fifth Plan	5. Achievement of self-reliance and growth with stability	

	A	B	C	D	E
(a)	1	2	3	4	5
(b)	2	1	3	5	4
(c)	2	1	3	4	5
(d)	2	1	4	5	3

9. The basic difference between imperative and indicative planning is that:
- it is easier to achieve targets in imperative type of planning
 - in the case of imperative planning, all economic activities belong to public sector, while in the other type they belong to the private sector
 - in the case of the imperative planning, the market mechanism is entirely replaced by a command hierarchy, while in the case of indicative planning, it is looked upon as a way to improve the functioning of the market system
 - in the case of indicative planning, there is no need to nationalise any industry
10. Which of the following features indicate that Indian economy is of the developing category?
- Occupation mainly agricultural
 - Chronic unemployment
 - Poor quality of human capital
 - Low per capita intake of proteins
- (a) I, II and III (b) I and IV (c) II and III (d) I, II, III and IV
11. Which of the following may be termed as long-term objectives of Indian planning?
- Self-reliance
 - Productive employment generation
 - Growth of 7 per cent per annum
 - Growth in infrastructure
- (a) I and II (b) III and IV (c) I, II and IV (d) II, III and IV
12. Consider the following statements regarding the composition of the Constituent Assembly:
- The representatives were to be elected from the four constituents – Hindu, Muslim, Sikh and Christian.
 - The chairman of the Union Constitution Committee was Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.
 - The total strength of the Constituent Assembly was 389.
 - The Drafting Committee under the chairmanship of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar consisted of eight members.
- Which of these is/are correct?
- (a) i, ii, iii and iv (b) i, ii and iv (c) iii only (d) i only
13. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- | List-I (Constituent Assembly Committee) | List-II (Chairman) |
|---|----------------------------|
| A. Steering Committee | 1.Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel |
| B. Fundamental Rights Sub-Committee | 2.Dr. Rajendra Prasad |
| C. Union Constitution Committee | 3.J.B. Kripalani |
| D. Provincial Constitution Committee | 4.Jawaharlal Nehru |
- Codes:
- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (b) | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| (c) | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| (d) | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
14. Consider the following statements:
- Dr. Sachchidanand Sinha was elected as the Provisional President of the Constituent Assembly.
 - H.C. Mukherjee was elected as the Vice-President of the Constituent Assembly.
- (a) I only (b) II only (c) Both I and II (d) Neither I nor II
15. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer using the codes given below.
- List - I
- First Vice-president of Constituent Assembly
 - Originally the only Congress Member of Draft Committee
 - Member of Constituent Assembly representing Rajasthan's Princely States
 - Chairman of Union Constitution Committee
- List - II
- V. T. Krishnamachari
 - Jawaharlal Nehru
 - K. M. Munshi
 - H. C. Mukherjee

Codes:

	A	B	C	D
(a)	1	4	2	3
(b)	4	3	1	2
(c)	1	2	3	4
(d)	3	4	1	2

16. Consider the following statements about the judicial system introduced by the British in India:
- It judicially unified India.
 - The British established a new system of law through the process of enactment and relevant interpretation of customary laws.
 - In general the British tended to avoid the customary laws of India.
- Which of the Statements given above are correct?
- (a) i and ii only (b) ii and iii only (c) i and iii only (d) i, ii and iii
17. Which of the following statements about the formation of the Constituent Assembly is / are correct?
- The members of the Constituent Assembly were chosen on the basis of the provincial elections of 1946.
 - The Constituent Assembly did not include representatives of the Princely States.
 - The discussions within the Constituent Assembly were not influenced by opinions expressed by the public.
 - In order to create a sense of collective participation, submissions were solicited from the public.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) i only (b) ii and iii (c) iii and iv (d) i and iv
18. The Constituent Assembly of India convened to prepare the Constitution of India appointed a sub-committee headed by Gopinath Bordoloi.
- Which of the following recommendations was/were made by the committee ?
- Fifth Schedule for the North-East Frontier (Asom) Tribal and Excluded Areas.
 - Constitution of District Councils in all autonomous districts of Asom.
 - Sixth Schedule for the North-East Frontier (Asom) Tribal and Excluded Areas.
 - Demarcation of territories in North-East India. Select the correct answer using the codes given below
- (a) Only i (b) i, ii and iii (c) ii and iii (d) Only iv
19. Consider the following statements about the Preamble of the Constitution and state which of them are correct with the help of given codes :
- The objective resolution proposed by Pt. Nehru ultimately became the Preamble.
 - It is not justiciable in nature.
 - It cannot be amended.
 - It cannot override the specific provisions of the Constitution.
- Codes:
- (a) Only i and ii (b) Only i, ii and iv (c) Only i, ii and iii (d) Only ii, iii and iv
20. The Preamble of the Indian constitution adopted on 26th November 1949 did not include the terms :
- Socialist
 - Secular
 - Integrity
 - Republic
- Select the correct answer from the codes given below :
- (a) i, ii and iii (b) ii, iii and iv (c) i, ii and iv (d) iii and iv
21. Assertion (A) : The Constitution of India has become the longest one.
Reason (R) : The Chapter on Fundamental Rights has been borrowed from the model of American Constitution.
- Choose the correct answer using the code given below :
- Codes :
- (a) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(b) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false
(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true
22. Consider the following statements regarding the Classical dances of India:
- Kathakali and Mohiniattam of Kerala are included in the eight classical dances of India.

- ii. Kalladikodan shailee is a major dance style of Mohiniyattam.
iii. Guru Chemancheri Kunhiraman Nair was a prominent Bharatnatyam dancer.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(a) i only (b) i and ii only (c) ii and iii only (d) i and iii only
23. Consider the following statements:
i. India's arms imports have increased in the period 2016-2020 from 2011-2015.
ii. USA is the largest arms supplier to India in the periods 2016-2020.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?
(a) i only (b) ii only (c) Both i and ii (d) Neither i nor ii
24. Consider the following statements about the World Happiness Report 2021:
i. It ranks countries on the basis of GDP, social support and generosity.
ii. Norway was the first country to emphasise the importance of national happiness over national income.
iii. Finland has been ranked as the happiest country for consecutively four years.
Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?
(a) i and ii only (b) ii only (c) i and iii only (d) iii only
25. Consider the following statements:
i. The Chief Justice of India (CJI) is appointed by the President under Article 124 of the Constitution.
ii. The appointment of CJI is done on the recommendation of the Supreme Court collegium.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(a) i only (b) ii only (c) Both i and ii (d) Neither i nor ii

ANSWER KEYS

- 1-b
2-a
3-d
4-d
5-a
6-d
7-d
8-b
9-c
10-d
11-a
12-c
13-a
14-c
15-b
16-a
17-d
18-d
19-b
20-a
21-a
22-a
23-d
24-b
25-a