1. Consider the following statements
2. The first English Factory was set up in Bengal on the banks of River Hugli in 1651.
3. Aurangzeb issued a Farman to East India Company granting the right to trade duty free.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 only

 b) 2 only

 c) Both 1 and 2

 **d) Neither 1 nor 2**

1. Consider the following statements
2. After the battle of Plassey, Alivardi Khan was made the Nawab of Bengal.
3. Mir Jafar was reinstalled as Nawab of Bengal after the Battle of Buxar.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 only

 **b) 2 only**

 c) Both 1 and 2

 d) Neither 1 nor 2

1. Consider the following statements
2. After the Second Anglo-Maratha War, the Peshwa was removed and sent to Kanpur with a pension.
3. Lord Hastings initiated the policy of Paramountcy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 only

 **b) 2 only**

 c) Both 1 and 2

 d) Neither 1 nor 2

1. Consider the following statements:
2. Doctrine of Lapse will be applicable to a Kingdom despite the presence of a female heir to the Kingdom.
3. Sind was annexed by the Company using the Doctrine of Lapse.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 only

 **b) 2 only**

 c) Both 1 and 2

 d) Neither 1 nor 2

1. Consider the following statements:
2. In 1770’s Faujdari Adalat was the term used for Civil Court in a District.
3. Even under Permanent Settlement the rent is revised once in every three years.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 only

 b) 2 only

 c) Both 1 and 2

 **d) Neither 1 nor 2**

1. Consider the following statements regarding the Regulating Act of 1773.
2. Supreme Court was constituted in Calcutta.
3. It appointed the First Governor-General of India.
4. It prohibited the Company servants from receiving gifts and bribes.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

 a) 1 and 2 only

 b) 2 and 3 only

 **c) 1 and 3 only**

 d) 1,2 and 3

1. Which of the following statements regarding The Ilbert Bill is/are NOT correct?
2. European nationals could be judged by Indian Magistrates.
3. Imposition of restrictions on newspapers and magazines published in Indian languages.
4. Imposition of restrictions on carrying arms by Indians.
5. Imposition of additional tax on the land revenue during Famine.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

 a) 1 only

 b) 2 and 3 only

 **c) 2, 3 and 4 only**

 d) 3 only

1. With reference to Ryotwari System, consider the following statements.
2. Ryotwari System in Madras was introduced during the Governorship of William Bentinck.
3. Land revenue was collected directly from the peasant or ryot.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

 a) 1 only

 **b) 2 only**

 c) Both 1 and 2

 d) Neither 1 nor 2

1. Consider the following statements with reference to the Third Carnatic War:
2. It was an extension of Seven Year’s War being fought in Europe.
3. The French government sent a powerful army under the command of Sir Eyre Coote.
4. The war ended with signing of the Treaty of Paris.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

 a) 1 and 2 only

 b) 2 and 3 only

 **c) 1 and 3 only**

 d) All of the above

1. Consider the following statements with reference to the Third Anglo-Mysore War
2. It was fought between the Tippu Sultan, Marathas and Nizam on one side and the British on the other
3. The attack on British by Tippu became the immediate cause of the war.
4. The war ended with the signing of the Treaty of Mysore.

Which of the above statements is/are INCORRECT?

 a) 1 only

 b) 2 and 3 only

 c) 3 only

 **d) 1, 2 and 3**

1. Consider the following statements
2. An ordinance can be issued only on those subjects on which the Parliament can make laws.
3. If the Parliament takes no action, the ordinance ceases to operate on the expiry of six months from the reassembly of Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 Only

 **b) 2 Only**

 c) Both

 d) None

1. Consider the following statements:
2. The ministers shall hold office during the pleasure of the president.
3. A member of Lok Sabha who is disqualified on the ground of defection can be appointed as a minister.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 **a) 1 Only**

 b) 2 Only

 c) Both

 d) None

1. Consider the following statements:
2. The term Cabinet is not mentioned in the Constitution.
3. Cabinet Committees are extra-constitutional in emergence.
4. Cabinet Committee on Parliamentary Affairs is chaired by the Prime Minister.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 and 3 only

 **b) 2 only**

 c) 2 and 3 only

 d) 1,2 and 3

1. Consider the following statements:
2. Prime Minister appoints the Attorney General of India.
3. President can return a money bill (which is reserved by Governor) for the reconsideration of the State Legislature.
4. Article 142 deals with the power of President to consult Supreme Court.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 only

 b) 1 and 2 only

 c) 2 only

 **d) 1,2 and 3**

1. Consider the following statements:
2. Unlike American President, there is no suspensive veto in the case of Indian President.
3. The President while exercising the power to grant pardons, sit as a court of appeal

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 Only

 b) 2 Only

 c) Both

 **d) None**

1. Consider the following statements
2. The allocation of seats in the House of the People to the States is readjusted on the basis of the 1971 census.
3. The division of each State into territorial constituencies is readjusted on the basis of the 2001 census.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 Only

 b) 2 Only

 c) Both

 **d) None**

1. Consider the following statements:
2. According to the Constitution of India, the term of office of a member of the Rajya Sabha shall be six years.
3. The term of the Lok Sabha can be extended during the period of national emergency for six months at a time.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 Only

 b) 2 Only

 c) Both

 **d) None**

1. Consider the following statements:
2. Attorney-General of India shall have the right to take part in the proceedings of either Lok Sabha or Rajya Sabha.
3. If a person is elected to both the Houses of Parliament his seat in the Rajya Sabha becomes vacant. (in case he doesn’t intimate within 10 days)
4. If a sitting member of one House is also elected to the other House, his seat in the first House becomes vacant.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 and 3 only

 b) 2 only

 c) 2 and 3 only

 **d) 1,2 and 3**

1. Consider the following statements:
2. A person can be appointed as speaker of Lok Sabha, if he can become member of Lok Sabha within six months of such an appointment.
3. If the Lok Sabha is dissolved, Speaker shall vacate his office immediately.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

 a) 1 Only

 b) 2 Only

 **c) Both**

 d) None

1. Consider the following statements:
2. In the disqualification of a member of either House of Parliament, [mentioned in article 102(1)] the decision of the President shall be final.
3. In the disqualification of a member of either House of Parliament, [mentioned in article 102(1)], the President shall act only according to the opinion given by Election Commission.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

 a) 1 Only

 b) 2 Only

 **c) Both**

 d) None

1. ‘Amended Technology Up-gradation Fund Scheme (ATUFS)’ comes under which of the following Ministry?

 a) Ministry of Science and Technology

 b) Ministry of Agriculture

 **c) Ministry of Textile**

 d) Ministry of MSME

1. ‘Adaptation Gap Report’ is released by which of the following organization?

 a) UNDP

 **b) UNEP**

 c) FEE

 d) IUCN

1. Recently, a volcano in ‘Mount Semeru’ had erupted, pouring ash and smoke around an estimated 5.6km (3.4 miles) into the sky. The ‘Mount Semeru’ is located in –

 a) Malaysia

 **b) Indonesia**

 c) Hawaii

 d) Japan

1. Exercise Desert Knight-21 is being held between which of the following countries?

 a) India and China

 **b) India and France**

 c) Russia and India

 d) UK and India

1. Indian star tortoise is found across the Indian sub-continent, more specifically, in the Central and Southern parts of India. The IUCN status of ‘Indian star tortoise’ is –

 a) Endangered

 b) Critically Endangered

 **c) Vulnerable**

 d) Extinct