



VANIK-IAS
Exclusive Coaching for UPSC/OPSC

Date : 21/08/2020

OCS (MAIN) TEST SERIES 2019

Test No. 21

HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA-2
(1858 to 1947)

Time : 2 Hour
Full Mark : 200

Answer (Any TWENTY) of the following questions on your own language in not more than 125 words. [10 x 20]

1. Write the contribution of M.K. Gandhi during the freedom struggle in India.

or

Asses the role of Mahatma Gandhi in the Non-Cooperation Movement.

- "The Indian independence movement was a mass-based movement that encompassed various sections of society. It also underwent the process of constant ideological evolution? Critically examine
- Assess the programmes of the Extremists during the period between 1905 - 1919.
- Evaluate Jawaharlal Nehru as the President of the Indian National Congress.
- It would have been difficult for the Constituent Assembly to complete its historic task of drafting the Constitution for Independent India in just three years but for the experience gained with the Government of India Act, 1935. Discuss.
- Defying the barriers of age, gender and religion, the Indian women became the torch bearer during the struggle for freedom in India. Discuss.
- Examine the circumstances leading to the formation of Indian National Congress in 1885.
- Elucidate the important provisions of Government of India Act, 1919.
- Give a brief account of Satyagraha Movements in which Mahatma Gandhi was associated.
- Examine how the decline of traditional artisanal industry in colonial India crippled the rural economy.

11. Write short notes on the following.
 - (a) Recommendations of Simon Commission
 - (b) Cripps Mission
12. Discuss the role of women in the freedom struggle especially during the Gandhian phase.
13. In many ways, Lord Dalhousie was the founder of modern India. Elaborate
14. Examine the role of Bahadur Shah Zafar, Rani Laxmi Bai and Tantia Tope in the Sepoy Mutiny.
15. Write short notes on the following.
 - (a) Wahabi Movement
 - (b) Satyashodhak Samaj
16. Explain the contributions of Raja Ramamohan Ray to the making of Modern India.
17. The Permanent Settlement of land revenue in Bengal was a "bold, brave and wise measure"
18. Write a short note on the following.
 - (c) Vaikom Satyagraha
 - (d) Dharma Sabha
19. Assess the importance of Indian Press in bringing about political awakening during the British Rule in India between 1858-1947.
20. Briefly explain the great famine in Bengal, during later phase of 18th century.
21. Explain the contribution of Devendra Nath Tagore in Social Reforms Movement.
22. Give a brief account of Quit India Movement.
23. Write short note on the following.
 - (a) Macaulay Committee
 - (b) Woods Dispatch
24. Assess the contributions of Sardar Patel to the freedom struggle of India.
25. In what ways did the naval mutiny prove to be the last nail in the coffin of British colonial aspirations in India?